ALUMINUM & STAINLESS

P.O.BOX 10262 PORTLAND, OR 97210 *(503) 228-7110



PORSF

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA

TRADE NAME (Common Name or Synonym)

Nickel Based Allov Steel

CHEMICAL NAME

Alloys 200, 400, 600, 800 series

I. INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	CAS	Number	TLV (2)			Ingredients		CAS Number		TLV (2)				
Aluminum (AI) Chromium (Cr) Cobalt (Co) Copper (Cu) Iron (Fe) Manganese (Mn) Molybdenum (mo)	744 744 744 743 743	9-90-5 0-47-3 0-48-4 0-50-8 9-89-6 9-96-5 9-98-7	1 (i 10 5 (.	(Dust & F Dust & F (As Iron- As Dust- (Insolubi	ume) Oxide)		Silicor Tantal Titaniu	m (Nb) n (Si) um (Ta) ım (Ti) ten (W)	7441 7441 7441 7441 7441	0-02-0 0-03-1 0-21-3 0-25-7 0-32-6 0-33-7 0-65-5		None Esta 0 (Total E 0 (Total E	Dúst)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		:				% Alloy	ing Elen	nents (1)			,		· .	
UNS Numbers	Al	Cr.	Co ·	Cu.	_Fe	Mn	Mo	Ni	Nb	Si	Ta	Ti	<u>w</u> .	Y
N02200 series (Commercially Pure Ni Alloy)	٠.	<2				<5		95-99				<5	<5	
N04400 - N05500 Series (Ni-Cu Alloy)	<5	<1		27-68	<1	<5		31-67		<1	<2		1.2	
N06600 - N07700 Series (Ni-Cr Alloy)	< 5	15-48	0-13		1-40	<5	2-10	39-80	<5		<2	<3	<5	<1
N08800 - N09900 Series (Ni-Fe-Cr Alloy)	<5	.1-30	0-15	<2	30-84	<1	<5	.1-42	<5			<3		<1

II. PHYSICAL DATA

1	Normal Conditions) □ GAS □ OTHER	APPEARANCI Grey-Black	=	% VOLATILE BY VOLUME N/A	VAPOR DENSITY N/A
ACIDITY/ALKALINITY pH = N/A		ox. 2300 °F N/A °F	1	avity $(H_20) = 1$) Approx. 7 water (% by weight) N/A	VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg at 20°C) N/A

III. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION Appropriate dust/mist/fume respirator should be used to avoid excessive inhalation of particulates. If exposure limits are reached or exceeded, use NIOSH approved equipment.

HANDS, ARMS AND BODY Protective gloves should be worn as required for welding, burning or handling operations.

EYES AND FACE Safety glasses should be worn when grinding or cutting. Face shields should be worn when welding or cutting.

OTHER CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT As required depending on operations and safety codes.

IV. EMERGENCY MEDICAL PROCEDURES

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air; if condition continues, consult a physician. EYE CONTACT:

Flush thoroughly with running water to remove particulate; obtain medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

Remove particles by washing thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if condition persists.

If significant amounts of metal are ingested, consult physician. INGESTION:



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V. HEALTH/SAFETY INFORMATION

Health	Short term exposure to fumes/dust may produce irritation of eyes and respiratory system. Inhalation of high concentrations of ireshly formed oxide fumes or iron, manganese and copper may cause metal fume fever characterized by a metallic taste in the mouth, dryness and irritation of the throat and influenza-like symptoms. Chronic inhalation of high concentrations of iron-oxide fumes or dust may lead to a benign pneumocomiosis (siderosis). Inhalation of high concentrations of ferric oxide may possibly enhance the risk of lung cancer development in workers exposed to pulmonary carcinogens. Chromium and nickel and their compounds are listed in the 3rd Annual Report on carcinogens, as prepared by the National Toxicology Program (NTP). Exposure to high concentrations of dust and fumes can cause sensitization dermatitis, inflammation and/or ulceration of upper respiratory tract and possibly cancer of the nasal passages and lungs. Recent epidemiological studies of workers melting and working alloys containing nickel/chromium have found no increased risk of cancer. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Individuals with chronic respiratory disorders (i.e.: asthma, chronic bronchitis, emphysema, etc.) may be adversely affected by any fume or airborne particulate matter exposure.									
	FLASH POINT AUT	O IGNITION TEMPERATURE	FLAMMABLE LIM	TS IN AIR	EXTINGUISHING MEDIA					
Fire and Explosion			Lower N.	%						
	N/A °F	N/A	Upper A	%	· N/A					
	FIRE AND EXPLOSION H	AZARDS	EXTINGUISHING MEDIA NOT TO BE USED							
	TIME AND EXPLOSION II	AZANOS	EXTINGUISHING MEDIN NOT TO BE COLD							
	Steel products in the solid	state present no fire or explosion	Do not use water on molten metal.							
<u> </u>	OT A DILLTY	INCOMPATION ITY (MATER	144 0 TO AVOID		·					
	STABILITY	INCOMPATIBILITY (MATER	•							
<u>₹</u> .	■ Stable □ Unstable Reacts with strong acids to form hydrogen gas.									
Reactivity	CONDITIONS TO AVOID: N/A									
вас	HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:									
Metallic dust or fumes may be produced during welding, burning, grinding and possibly machining. Refer to ANSI Z49.1										
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VI. ENVIRONMENTAL

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Fine turnings and small chips should be swept or vacuumed. Scrap metal can be reclaimed for reuse.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD*

Used or unused product should be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State or Local Laws and Regulations.

*Disposer must comply with Federal, State and Local disposal or discharge laws.

VII. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

In welding, precautions should be taken for airborne contaminants which may originate from components of the welding rod.

Arc or spark generated when welding or burning could be a source of ignition for combustion and flammable materials

DISCLAIMER

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